

**72623. VIOLA MIRABILIS L. Violaceae.
Violet.**

From Seattle, Wash. Plants presented by G. E. Kestengren, Sanborn May Co. Received February 24, 1927.

A hardy violet, native to northern Europe, which becomes about 3 inches high, producing pale-blue flowers in midsummer.

**72624. CITRUS GRANDIS (L.) Osbeck
(C. decumana Murr.). Rutaceae.
Grapefruit.**

From China. Bud wood collected by F. A. McClure, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 23, 1927.

No. 980. From a tree growing in the China Inland Mission compound, Kanchow, Kiangsi Province. December 15, 1926.

Yutu tsz. A southern Chinese variety producing seedless fruits of good size and surpassing flavor.

**72625. CHAYOTA EDULIS Jacq. (Sechium
edule Swartz). Cucurbitaceae.****Chayote.**

From Cordoba, Vera Cruz, Mexico. Fruits presented by C. M. Holmes. Received February 21, 1927.

Locally grown seeds.

**72626 to 72628. CAJANUS INDICUS
Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.**

From Santiago de las Vegas, Cuba. Seeds presented by Dr. Gonzalo M. Fortun, Director, Estación Experimental Agronómica. Received March 15, 1927.

Locally grown seeds.

72626. No. 1.

72628. No. 3.

72627. No. 2.

**72629 and 72630. CAJANUS INDICUS
Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.**

From Samaru, Zaria, Northern Provinces, Nigeria. Seeds presented by the superintendent, Nigerian Department of Agriculture. Received February 11, 1927.

Locally grown seeds.

72629. No. 1.

72630. No. 2.

**72631. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fa-
baceae. Pigeon pea.**

From Gambia, British West Africa. Seeds presented by Archibald J. Brooks, Director, Department of Agriculture. Received February 11, 1927.

Locally grown seeds.

72632 to 72634.

From Brignoles, France. Seeds presented by René Salgues, Director, Brignoles Botanic Station. Received February 9, 1927.

**72632. ERODIIUM CICONIUM (Juss.) Willd. Ger-
aniaceae. Heronbill.**

An annual hairy plant, belonging to the Geranium family, with stout ascending branches, oval leaves, and purple flowers. Native to southern Europe and Asia Minor.

For previous introduction see No. 63984.

**72633. PISTACIA CHINENSIS Bunge. Anacardia-
ceae. Chinese pistache.**

A fairly rapid-growing tree native to central China. The wood is durable and much used for furniture and agricultural implements. The young shoots are edible, and the seeds furnish an illuminating oil.

For previous introduction see No. 47362.

72632 to 72634—Continued.**72634. RHUS CORIARIA L. Anacardiaceae.**

A shrub up to 20 feet high, native to southern Europe, with greenish flowers and small crimson fruits. The leaves yield a commercial tannin.

For previous introduction see No. 58462.

**72635. STIZOLOBIUM ATERRIMUM Piper
and Tracy. Fabaceae.****Mauritius bean.**

From Sydney, New South Wales. Seeds obtained from Arthur Yates & Co., through A. J. Pieters, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 15, 1927.

A tropical leguminous annual used as a cover plant in sugar-cane districts.

**72636. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fa-
baceae. Pigeon pea.**

From Cienfuegos, Cuba. Seeds presented by Robert M. Grey, Harvard Botanic Station. Received February 16, 1927.

An especially productive type which is better than the native variety commonly cultivated here. (Grey.)

72637 to 72651.

From St. Jean le Blanc, Orleans, Loiret, France. Plants obtained from Edmond Versin. Received February 23, 1927.

**72637 to 72641. CORYLUS spp. Betulaceae.
Hazel. Chinese hazel.**

The Chinese hazel is closely allied to the tree hazel (*Corylus colurna*), differing in leaf and stem characters. It becomes a tall tree with heart-shaped leaves about 7 inches long. The nuts are borne in clusters of four to six. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see No. 63680.

72638. CORYLUS DAVIANA Hort.

A hardy shrub with nuts which may be edible.

72639 and 72640. CORYLUS MAXIMA Mill.

For previous introduction see No. 49196.

72639. A large shrub or small tree with rounded leaves and large oblong nuts. Native to southern Europe.

72640. Variety *atropurpurea*. A variety with deep purplish foliage.

**72641. CORYLUS SIEBOLDIANA MANDSHURICA
(Maxim.) C. Schneid.**

A Manchurian shrub, up to 15 feet high, with oblong or elliptic leaves and clusters of small edible nuts.

For previous introduction see No. 65520.

**72642. LABURNUM ANAGYROIDES Medic. Fa-
baceae. Golden chain.**

Variety *involutum*. A variety of the commonly grown yellow-flowered shrub.

**72643. LONICERA KOROLEVITZ Stapf. Caprifo-
liaceae. Blue-leaf honeysuckle.**

A hardy ornamental shrub, 12 feet in height, of graceful habit, with a profusion of pink flowers, succeeded by red fruits. Native of Turkestan.

**72644. MICROGLOSSA ALBESCENS (DC.) Benth.
Asteraceae.**

An erect, slender shrub with narrow, sharp-pointed leaves and heads of light-lilac flowers. Native to the temperate Himalayas.

For previous introduction see No. 47733.